

**PRODUCT:** Microscopic examination showed that the product consisted essentially of green stem and leaf material, including parsley and water cress. Vitamin assays showed that the product contained per capsule less than 5 U. S. P. Units of vitamin A, 4.4 micrograms (0.0044 milligram) of thiamine hydrochloride (vitamin B<sub>1</sub>), 0.5 milligram of vitamin C, less than 4 U. S. P. Units of vitamin D, 9 micrograms (0.009 milligram) of riboflavin, and 86 micrograms (0.086 milligram) of nicotinic acid. Chemical analysis showed that each capsule contained approximately 4.3 milligrams of calcium, 3.2 milligrams of phosphorus, and 0.4 milligram of iron.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the circulars enclosed in the boxes containing the article were false and misleading in that they represented and suggested that the article would be efficacious as a soothing pain relief from rheumatism, arthritis, neuritis, sciatica, gout, lumbago, and sinusitis; that the article would relieve pain from rheumatic disorders; and that the article would be efficacious in the treatment of mild cases and long standing cases of rheumatism, arthritis, neuritis, sciatica, gout, lumbago, and sinusitis. The article would not be efficacious for those purposes.

The article was also alleged to be misbranded under the provisions of the law applicable to foods, as reported in notices of judgment on foods.

**DISPOSITION:** June 22, 1945. Pleas of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendants, the court imposed a total fine of \$75.

**1983. Misbranding of Sano. U. S. v. William J. Nassano (Sano Medicine Co.).**  
**Plea of guilty. Sentence suspended and defendant placed on probation for 1 year.** (F. D. C. No. 17838. Sample No. 4534-H.)

**INFORMATION FILED:** March 8, 1946, Northern District of Ohio, against William J. Nassano, trading as the Sano Medicine Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 15, 1945, from the State of Ohio into the State of Pennsylvania.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the label of the article were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article was a tonic; that it would aid in the relief of rheumatism; that it would be efficacious in the cure, treatment, and prevention of constipation; that it would be efficacious to eliminate uric acids and toxins from the system; and that it would assist in removing the cause of uric acids and toxins from the system. The article was not a tonic, and it would not be efficacious for the purposes represented.

**DISPOSITION:** May 29, 1946. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court suspended the imposition of sentence and placed the defendant on probation for a period of 1 year.

**1984. Misbranding of cotton-tipped applicators. U. S. v. 16 Gross Vials of Cotton-Tipped Applicators. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 20026. Sample No. 43786-H.)

**LABEL FILED:** May 22, 1946, Southern District of California.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 21 and December 24, 1945, by the Glasco Products Co., from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 16 gross vials of *cotton-tipped applicators* at Los Angeles, Calif. Examination showed that the article was not sterile but was contaminated with living micro-organisms.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Cotton-Tipped Applicators 20 in Each Vial \* \* \* Stero Swabs for Baby's Eyes, Ears and Nose."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Stero Swabs for Baby's Eyes, Ears and Nose" was false and misleading since it implied that the article was sterile.

**DISPOSITION:** July 12, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1985. Misbranding of Ademo Tablets. U. S. v. 36 Bottles of Ademo Tablets, and a number of circulars. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 19734. Sample Nos. 19552-H, 19553-H.)

**LABEL FILED:** May 1, 1946, Northern District of Iowa.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 30 and August 20, 1945, and February 6, 1946, by H. W. Walker and Co., from Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 10 300-tablet bottles, 14 150-tablet bottles, and 12 42-tablet bottles of *Ademo Tablets* at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, together with 51 circulars entitled "Powerful Rugged Red Blood."